Identifying the PEEN in South-eastern Europe

Indicative map of the Pan-European Ecological Network



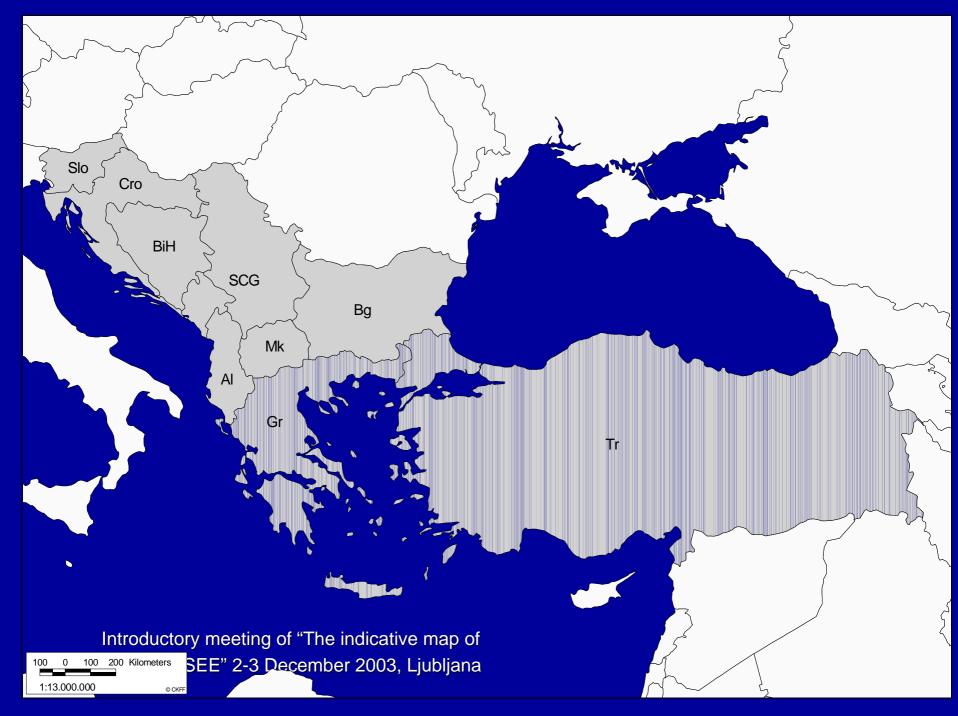
Aim of project

- for the contours of the Pan European Ecological Network in South Eastern Europe.
- ý to identify, for Slovenia, Croatia, Bosnia-Herzegovina, Serbia-Montenegro, Bulgaria, the FYR of Macedonia, Turkey, Albania:
 - ý the core nature areas of European importance;
 - ý existing corridors between these areas;
 - ý where new corridors could and should be established to meet the connectivity requirements of key species;
 - ý the location of buffer zones and stepping stones, when and if required and possible.



- The map remains an indicative map, will only identify the possible or likely location of core areas, corridors, buffer zones and restoration areas of Pan-European importance.
- The project is not aimed at suggesting that the identified areas should be designated under international or national protection instruments, nor does it wish to interfere with the sovereign rights of national governments to designate areas for nature conservation purposes.





Project structure

Funders: Dutch ministries of Foreign Affairs and Agriculture, Nature and Food safety

Project Team: Representatives of each organisation participating in the project chaired by ECNC's Head of Programme and Strategy Unit. The Project Team will meet 3 times during project implementation.

Advisory committee: It consists of scientists and senior policy makers with expertise in the field of developing and implementing (international) ecological networks. The responsibility is to guarantee that all activities under the project meet the highest standards of quality and relevance. The Advisory committee will be involved in consultation processes on all major deliverables of the project. The advisory committee will meet 2 times during the project.



Project team

- ý Bosnia and Herzegovina: Agricultural Institute
- ý Bulgaria: Wilderness fund
- ý Croatia: University of Zagreb
- ý Macedonia: Agency of Environment
- ý Serbia-Montenegro: Institute for Nature Conservation of Serbia
- ý Turkey: WWF Turkey



Organisations represented in Advisory Committee

- ý IUCN;
- ý REC;

- ý EUCC;
- ≨ Expertise Center of the Dutch Ministry of Agriculture, Nature and Food Safety.



Target groups

Primary target groups:

- ý Research institutes in participating countries;
- ý Committee of Experts for PEEN.



Secondary target groups:

- ý European Commission;
- ý Regional Environmental Reconstruction Programme;



End products

- y Technical background document;
- y Final project leaflet;



As an end product, the map itself will:

- **y** illustrate the coherence of the region's natural heritage and its importance in a European context;
- ý provide a framework for the development of national ecological networks and facilitate synergy between national or local initiatives;
- **y** be an instrument to communicate nature conservation to a wide target audience;
- indicate where local developments could impact on the wider regions biodiversity, hence, be of relevance for land-use planning and infrastructure development in the region.



The process of map-making

- √ The process is considered as relevant as the end product. Developing
 the map will put the subject of ecological networks 'on the map' in SEE;

- y It will assist in enhancing the interregional cooperation within the SEE region;
- **y** It will stimulate the linkages of the regional network with the overall Pan-European Ecological Network;

Most of these countries are in the process of EU accession or are moving towards this process; the experiences can be used during the designation of N2000 and Emerald sites under the Bern convention.



Visit the web-site of the project for regular updates and consultation:

http://www.ecnc.nl/doc/projects/peensee/index.html

